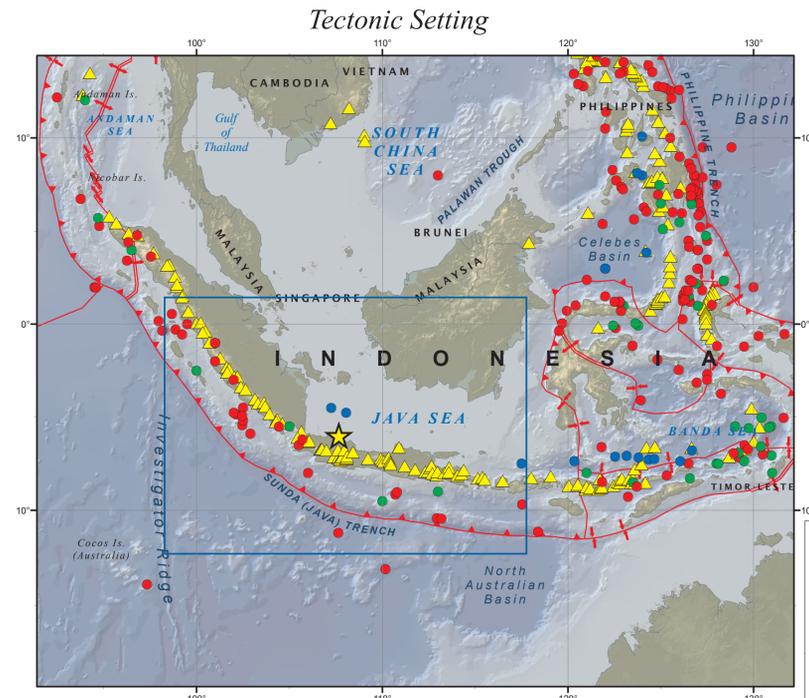




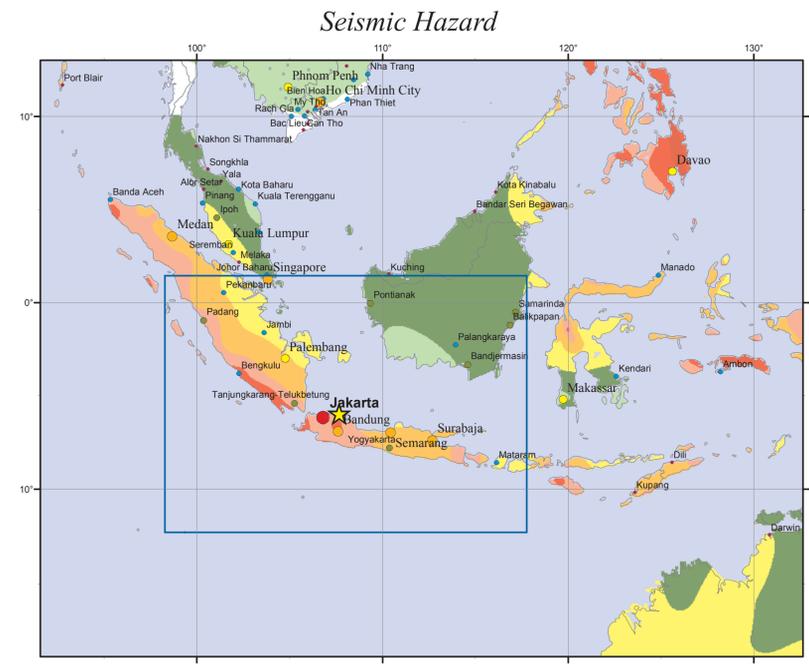
Prepared in cooperation with the Global Seismographic Network

M7.5 Java, Indonesia Earthquake of 8 August 2007

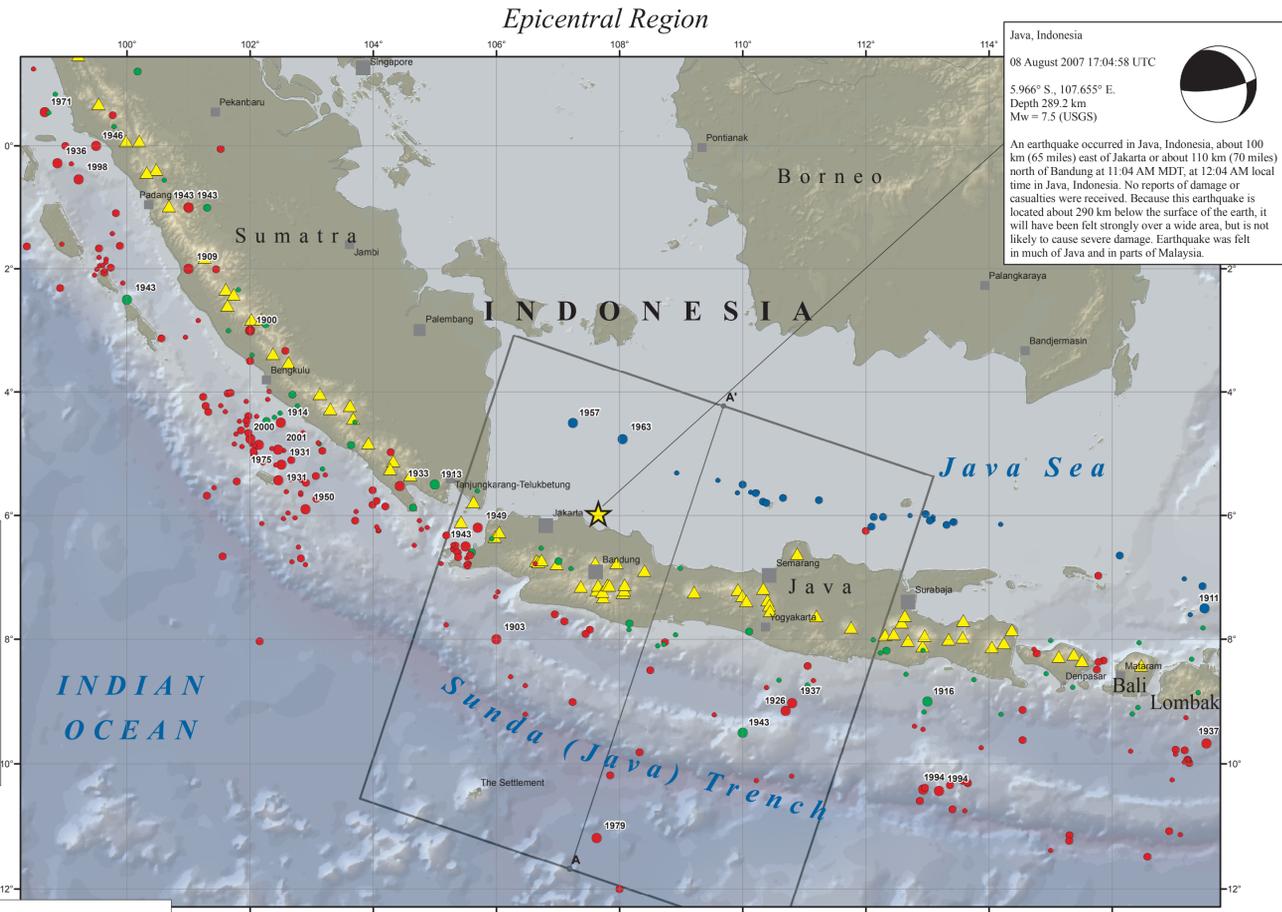


EXPLANATION
Mag ≥ 7.0
● 0 - 69 km
● 70 - 299
● 300 - 600
Plate Boundary
— Subduction
— Transform
— Divergent
— Convergent

RELATIVE PLATE MOTIONS
SCALE 1:20,000,000 at the Equator
The broad red vectors represent the motion of the Australia Plate relative to the other plates in the region. The motion of the Australia Plate is generally northward with respect to the Pacific Plate, and many micro-plates are caught between them.



Seismic hazard is expressed as peak ground acceleration (PGA) on firm rock, in meters/sec², expected to be exceeded in a 50-yr period with a probability of 10 percent.
SCALE 1:20,000,000 at the Equator
Peak Ground Acceleration in m/sec²
0.2 0.4 0.8 1.6 2.4 3.2 4.0 4.8



Java, Indonesia
08 August 2007 17:04:58 UTC
5.966° S, 107.655° E
Depth 289.2 km
Mw = 7.5 (USGS)
An earthquake occurred in Java, Indonesia, about 100 km (65 miles) east of Jakarta or about 110 km (70 miles) north of Bandung at 11:04 AM EDT, at 12:04 AM local time in Java, Indonesia. No reports of damage or casualties were received. Because this earthquake is located about 290 km below the surface of the earth, it will have been felt strongly over a wide area, but is not likely to cause severe damage. Earthquake was felt in much of Java and in parts of Malaysia.

EXPLANATION
Earthquake Magnitude
○ 4.00 - 5.99
○ 6.00 - 6.99
○ 7.00 - 7.99
○ 8.00 - 8.99
○ 9.00 - 9.99
Earthquake Depth
● 0 - 69
● 70 - 299
● 300 - 700

TECTONIC SETTING
The earthquake of August 8, 2007, occurred at a depth of about 290 km within the lithosphere of the Australia plate, which is subducting beneath the Sunda plate. In this region, the Australia plate moves to the north with respect to the Sunda plate with a velocity of about 58 mm/yr. The Australia plate is thrust beneath the Sunda plate at the Java trench, south of the island of Java, and is subducted to progressively greater depths with distance north of the trench. The subducted lithosphere beneath and north of Java is seismically active to a depth of about 650 km.
Earthquakes that have focal-depths between 70 and 300 km are commonly termed "intermediate-depth" earthquakes, and earthquakes with focal-depths greater than 300 km are termed "deep-focus" earthquakes. Intermediate-depth and deep-focus earthquakes represent deformation within subducted plates, rather than deformation at plate boundaries. Intermediate-depth and deep-focus earthquakes typically cause less damage on the ground surface above their foci than is the case with similar magnitude shallow-focus earthquakes, but large intermediate-depth and deep-focus earthquakes may be felt at great distance from their epicenters.

DATA SOURCES
EARTHQUAKES AND SEISMIC HAZARD
USGS, National Earthquake Information Center
NOAA, National Geophysical Data Center
IASPEI, Centennial Catalog (1900 - 1999) and extensions (Engdahl and Villaseñor, 2002)
HDF (unpublished earthquake catalog) (Engdahl, 2003)
Global Seismic Hazard Assessment Program
PLATE TECTONICS AND FAULT MODEL
PB2002 (Bird, 2003)
Finite Fault Model, Chen Ji, UC Santa Barbara (2007)
BASE MAP
NIMA and ESRI, Digital Chart of the World
USGS, EROS Data Center
NOAA GEBCO and GLOBE Elevation Models

Significant Earthquakes Mag ≥ 7.0

Year	Mon	Day	Time	Lat	Long	Dep	Mag
1900	01	05	1900	-3.000	102.000	0	7.0
1903	02	27	0043	-8.000	106.000	0	7.3
1909	06	03	1840	-2.000	101.000	0	7.2
1911	07	05	1840	-7.500	117.500	370	7.0
1913	08	13	0425	-5.500	105.000	75	7.3
1914	06	25	1907	-4.500	102.500	0	7.6
1916	09	11	0630	-9.000	113.000	100	7.1
1926	09	10	1034	-9.152	110.701	35	7.0
1931	02	10	0634	-5.433	102.458	35	7.1
1931	09	25	0559	-5.178	102.511	35	7.3
1933	06	24	2154	-5.522	104.434	35	7.3
1936	01	02	2234	-0.279	98.872	35	7.0
1937	08	11	0055	-9.675	117.533	35	7.2
1937	09	27	0855	-9.027	110.802	35	7.0
1943	04	01	1418	-6.500	105.500	0	7.1
1943	06	08	2042	-1.000	101.000	50	7.2
1943	06	09	0306	-1.000	101.000	50	7.5
1943	07	23	1453	-9.500	110.000	90	7.6
1943	11	26	2125	-2.500	100.000	130	7.1
1946	05	08	0520	0.000	99.500	0	7.1
1949	06	24	2238	-6.200	105.700	65	7.0
1950	03	27	2118	-5.900	102.900	0	7.0
1957	04	16	0404	-4.504	107.244	600	7.2
1963	12	15	1934	-4.764	108.050	668	7.1
1971	02	04	1533	0.552	98.665	60	7.1
1975	10	01	0330	-4.859	102.145	37.2	7.0
1979	07	24	1931	-11.185	107.628	12.1	7.0
1994	06	02	1817	-10.411	112.935	34.5	7.8
1994	06	02	1817	-10.432	113.191	35	7.1
1998	04	01	1756	-0.544	99.217	32	7.0
2000	06	04	1628	-4.762	102.007	34.6	7.9
2001	02	13	1928	-4.933	102.454	34	7.3
2007	08	08	1704	-5.966	107.655	289	7.5

DISCLAIMER
Base map data, such as place names and political boundaries, are the best available but may not be current or may contain inaccuracies and therefore should not be regarded as having official significance.

Prompt Assessment of Global Earthquakes for Response (PAGER)
PAGER VS/Wed Aug 08, 2007, 06:27:25 PM GMT
M7.5 JAVA, INDONESIA
S5.92 E107.74 282.1km Wed Aug 08, 2007 05:04:57 PM GMT

Shaking Intensity

Population per km²

Population exposed to shaking	MMI Intensity	Population
	V	9,850,000
	IV	82,100,000*
	III	431,000*

* - MMI level extends beyond map boundary, actual population exposure may be much larger
These results are from a prototype system and users are cautioned to carefully consider, and use common sense, in any decisions relating to personal or public safety or the allocation of resources. PAGER results are often updated as more earthquake information is reported or derived. Considerable effort has been made to provide accurate information, but reliance on earthquake impact information from a single source is not advised.

